

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Grade 8 STBBIs

# STBBI Chart Answer Key

## Transmission and Symptoms

Infection	Bacteria or Virus?	Transmission	Male	Female
<b>The majority of STBBIs are asymptomatic. There are often no symptoms!</b>				
<b>Chlamydia</b>	Bacteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>By having unprotected vaginal, anal, or oral sex with a person who has Chlamydia</li> <li>Childbirth-from an infected mother to an unborn baby</li> <li>Infected fluid contact with the eye</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Watery or milky discharge from penis</li> <li>Discharge, bleeding or itching from the rectum</li> <li>Redness and/or discharge from one or both eyes</li> <li>Pain or burning when urinating</li> <li>Pain or swelling of the testicles</li> <li>Itchy urethra</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Discharge, bleeding or itching from the rectum</li> <li>Redness and/or discharge from one or both eyes</li> <li>Unusual discharge from the vagina</li> <li>Bleeding/spotting between periods</li> <li>Bleeding or pain during or after sex</li> <li>Lower abdominal pain</li> <li>Pain or burning when urinating</li> </ul>
<b>Genital Herpes</b>	Virus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Herpes simplex virus is spread through intimate skin-to-skin contact and oral, vaginal or anal sex</li> <li>It can be spread by people who have oral or genital herpes but don't have sores at the time of contact</li> <li>If a mother has genital sores during childbirth, herpes can be passed to the baby</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Same for males and females</li> <li>Some people have mild or no symptoms</li> <li>One or more painful blisters in or around the genital, or wherever there is skin-to-skin contact (rectum, mouth)</li> <li>Feeling unwell (e.g., flu-like symptoms such as chills, fever or muscle aches)</li> <li>Tingling or itching of the skin around the genitals</li> <li>Burning when urinating</li> <li>Unusual discharge from vagina or penis</li> <li>The first outbreak is the most painful. Repeat outbreaks tend to be shorter and less severe than the first outbreak.</li> </ul>	

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		<p>Cold sores are a form of the herpes virus. If a cold sore comes into contact with someone's genitals (oral sex) there is a risk for development of genital herpes.</p>	
<b>HPV</b>	Virus	<p>Through intimate skin-to-skin contact or unprotected vaginal, oral or anal sex with a person who has HPV</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Some strains of HPV cause genital warts; some strains cause cancer</li> <li>• Many people with HPV do not have symptoms</li> <li>• Some people get warts</li> <li>• Warts can show as tiny bumps or in clustered growths on the skin (may look like small cauliflower-like bumps)</li> <li>• Warts can be found in and around the genital area</li> <li>• May feel itchy or irritated</li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See male symptoms</li> <li>• They can also appear on the vaginal walls and cervix (opening of the uterus)</li> </ul>
<b>Gonorrhea</b>	Bacteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• By having unprotected vaginal, oral or anal sex with a person who has gonorrhea</li> <li>• Childbirth-from an infected mother to an unborn baby</li> <li>• Infected fluid contact with the eye</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pain or burning when you pee</li> <li>• Swelling, itching, or pain in the genital area</li> <li>• Discharge, bleeding, or itching from the bum</li> <li>• Redness and/or discharge from one or both eyes</li> <li>• Unusual vaginal discharge</li> <li>• Irregular bleeding (often after sex)</li> <li>• Pain in the lower abdomen or pain during sex</li> </ul>
<b>HIV</b>	Virus	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Contact with blood, semen, vaginal secretions, rectal fluid or breastmilk</li> <li>• Unprotected sex – including vaginal, anal, oral sex and sharing sex toys, etc.</li> <li>• Pregnancy – from an infected mother to an unborn baby, breastfeeding, childbirth</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Same for males and females</li> <li>• HIV – infected people often have no symptoms and look and feel fine. Some people with HIV will have flu-like symptoms when they first get infected (e.g., fatigue, fever, sore throat, swollen glands loss of appetite, night sweats etc.)</li> <li>• AIDS occurs after the virus has damaged the immune system. People may have symptoms like extreme weight loss, unusual skin infections, pneumonias or cancers.</li> <li>• AIDS can be delayed with proper follow-up care</li> </ul>

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		<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Sharing needles, syringes or other drug supplies with traces of the blood of an infected person (e.g., tattooing, sharing needles, piercing) or other blood exposure to infected blood/blood products</li></ul>	
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